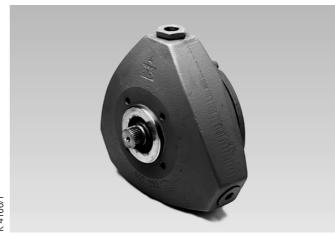
RE 11 263/08.02

Replaces: 06.98

Radial piston pump type R4 Fixed displacement

Nominal sizes (NS) 1.60 to 20.00 cm³ Series 1X Operating pressure up to 700 bar



Type 1PF1R4-1X/1,60-700RG01M01



Type 1PF1R4-1X/8,00-700RA01M01

Overview of contents

Contents **Page** Ordering details 2 3 Function, section, symbol 4 Multi-circuit pump versions 5 Technical data, noise pressure level 6 and 7 Flow and performance data 8 and 9 Unit dimensions 10 Seal kits, commissioning guidelines

Features

- Self-priming, valve controlled
- 14 nominal sizes, with capacities that permit optimum component selection
- Hydro-dynamically lubricated plain bearings for long service life
- Multiple pressure connections with various cylinder combinations

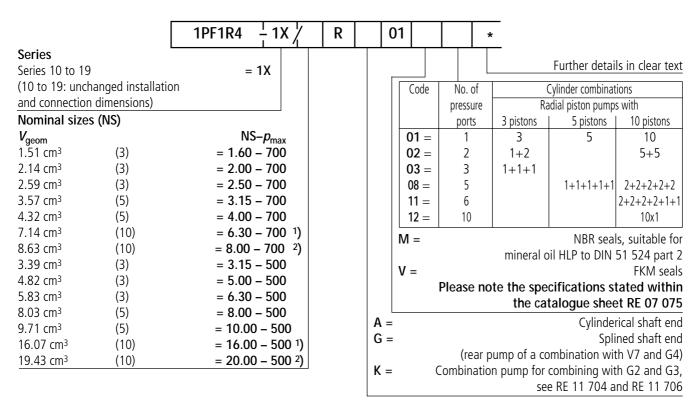
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R4 1/10 RE 11 263/08.02



^{(3), (5), (10)} \triangle radial piston pumps with 3, 5, 10 pistons

¹⁾ Not available with shaft end (versions "G" and "K")

²⁾ Not available with shaft end (version "K")

Function, section, symbol

Hydraulic pumps type R4 are valve controlled, self-priming radial piston pumps with a fixed displacement.

The radial piston pump type R4 basically comprises of the housing (1), eccentric shaft (2) and 3, 5 or 10 pump elements (3) with a suction valve (4), pressure valve (5) and piston (6).

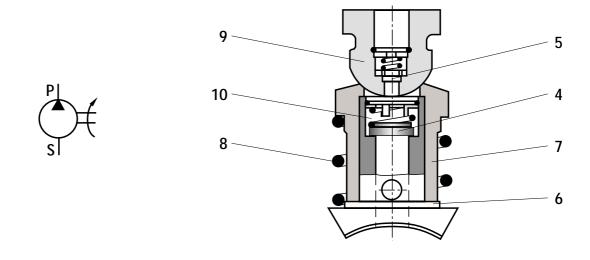
Suction and delivery process

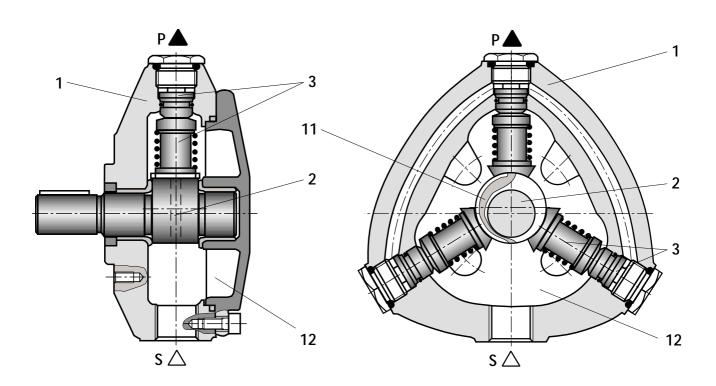
The pistons (6) are arranged radially around the eccentric shaft (2). The hollow piston (6) with suction valve (4) is guided in cylinder (7) and pushed onto the eccentric shaft (s) by the spring (8). The radius

of the piston running surface corresponds to the eccentric radius. The cylinder (7) seals against a hemispherical element (9).

When the piston (6) moves downwards, the working chamber (10) in the cylinder (7) increases in size. The resulting negative pressure lifts the suction valve plate from the sealing edge. At the same time, the suction chamber (12) is connected to the working chamber (10) by means of a radial groove (11) in the eccentric shaft (2).

The working chamber fills with fluid. When the piston (6) moves upwards, the suction valve (4) closes and the pressure valve (5) opens. Fluid now flows via pressure port (P) into the system.





Multi-circuit pump variants

The following may be seen from the diagrams shown below:

- The number and position of the pressure ports,
- Which cylinders are interconnected.

The dots indicate the cylinders which lie directly at a pressure port.

The circles indicate the cylinders which do not lie directly at a pressure port.

The dotted and chain dotted lines indicate which cylinders are interconnected

The sequence of the outlet ports, in the designation of the pressurised ports, is always taken in a clockwise direction.

The pressure port that — in a clockwise direction — lies nearest to the suction port is identified with "P1".

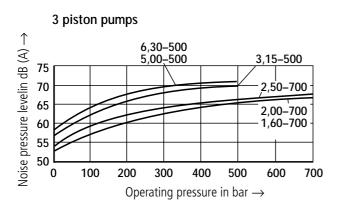
Code	Pressure	Cylinder combinations							
	ports	3 pistons	5 pistons	10 pistons					
01	1	P1	PI	P1 O					
02	2	P2 (5)		P1 P2					
03	3	P1 P3							
08	5		P2 P5	P2 P3 P4 P5					
11	6			P3 P4 P5 P5					
12	10			P5 P6 P7 P8 P7 P8 P9 P10 P10					

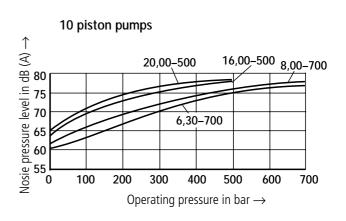
Technical data (for applications outside these parameters, please consult us!)

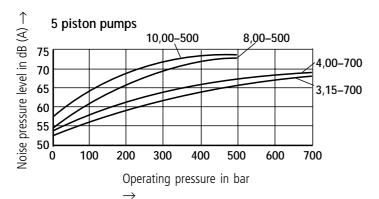
Speed range		min ⁻¹	1000 to 2000						
Operating pressure	Inlet	bar	0.8 to 2.5 absolute						
		Cylinder inside diameter	Ø 10 mm			Ø 15 mm			
	Outlet	bar	700			500			
Max. permissible torqu	e (drive sha	ft) Nm	160						
Installation			Optional						
Shaft loading			Radial and axial force	es cannot be	absorbed				
Mounting style			Face mounting	Face mounting					
Connection ports			Threaded ports						
Direction of rotation			Clockwise						
Pressure fluid			HLP mineral oil to DIN 51 524 part 2 Please note the specifications stated within catalogue sheet RE 07 075!						
Pressure fluid temperat	ture range	°C	- 10 to + 70						
Viscosity range		mm²/s	10 to 200						
Degree of contamination	on	fluid is to NAS 1638 of with a minimum reter longer service life, we	Maximum permissible degree of contamination of the pressure fluid is to NAS 1638 class 10. We, therefore recommend a filter with a minimum retention rate of $\beta_{20} \ge 100$. In order to achieve a longer service life, we recommend class 9. This can be achieved by using a filter with a minimum retention rate of $\beta_{10} \ge 100$.						
			3 pistons	5 pis	stons	10 pistons			
Weight		kg	9.2	12	2.4	16.4			

Noise pressure level (average values): (measured at $n = 1450 \text{ min}^{-1}$, $v = 41 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}$ and $\vartheta = 50 \text{ °C}$)

The characteristic curves do not apply to multi-circuit pumps.







Measured in an anechoic chamber to DIN 45 635, sheet 1, Distance of microphone — pump = 1m

Flow and performance data (average values): per cylinder ($n = 1450 \text{ min}^{-1}$)

Cylinder	Stroke	$V_{ m geom}$								Pres	ssure <i>p</i>	in bar						
inside Ø	in	in									l							l
in mm	mm	cm ³			50	100	150	200	250	300	350	400	450	500	550	600	650	700
			$q_{\rm V,eff}$	L/min	0.71	0.7	0.69	0.69		0.685	0.68	0.68	0.675	0.67	0.67	0.665	0.66	0.66
10	6.4	0.509	$P_{\rm a}$	kW	0.093	0.164	0.231	0.29	0.358	0.42	0.481	0.54	0.605	0.67	0.739	0.81	0.888	0.97
			$q_{ m V,eff}$	L/min	1.02	1.01	1.0	0.995	0.99	0.985	0.98	0.975	0.97	0.965	0.96	0.955	0.95	0.94
10	9.1	0.714	$P_{\rm a}^{\rm r,cm}$	kW	0.129	0.23	0.328	0.41	0.503	0.58	0.677	0.77	0.856	0.94	1.046	1.16	1.257	1.36
	44.0	0.064	$q_{\rm V,eff}$	L/min	1.22	1.21	1.205	1.2	1.195	1.19	1.184	1.18	1.174	1.17	1.163	1.157	1.147	1.14
10	11.0	0.864	$P_{\rm a}^{\rm r,em}$	kW	0.15	0.275	0.392	0.49	0.594	0.7	0.804	0.91	1.018	1.13	1.244	1.37	1.486	1.61
15	C 1	1 12	$q_{\rm V,eff}$	L/min	1.6	1.59	1.58	1.567	1.56	1.556	1.546	1.54	1.53	1.523				
15	6.4	1.13	$P_{\rm a}^{\rm v,cm}$	kW	0.213	0.4	0.547	0.7	0.85	1.0	1.14	1.27	1.433	1.566				
15	0.1	1.61	$q_{\rm V,eff}$	L/min	2.28	2.26	2.25	2.24	2.23	2.22	2.20	2.19	2.18	2.17				
15	9.1	1.01	$P_{\rm a}^{\rm v,cm}$	kW	0.27	0.49	0.71	0.91	1.11	1.31	1.51	1.7	1.91	2.12				
15	11.0	1.94	$q_{\rm V,eff}$	L/min	2.74	2.73	2.71	2.7	2.68	2.67	2.65	2.64	2.62	2.6				
13	11.0	1.34	$P_{\rm a}$	kW	0.32	0.57	0.826	1.06	1.31	1.55	1.8	2.05	2.29	2.53				

Factor "f" for uneven running at $n = 1450 \text{ min}^{-1}$

The values in the table above "flow and performance data" refer to one cylinder. In order to determine the total power required, the values must be multiplied by the number of cylinders in question.

At the same time, an uneven funning factot "f" must be introduced.

Radial piston pump										
3 cyli	nders	5 or 10 cylinders								
Cylinder	Factor	Cylinder	Factor							
under load	f	under load	f							
1	3.13	1	3.13							
		1+2	1.89							
1+2	1.57	1+3	1.57							
		1+2+3	1.60							
		1+3+4	1.35							
		1+2+3+4	1.30							
1+2+3	1.00	1+2+3+4+5	1.00							
	2	3	3							
		2	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \							
	メ	λ.	\downarrow							

10 cylinder pumps always have 2 cylinders connected to a pressure port.



Example

Pumps 1PF1R4-1X/1,60-700 RA 01M02

Ports 1 and 2 are connected and loaded to 450 bar, port 3 is unloaded.

 $P_a = 2 \times 0.605 \text{ kW} = 1.21 \text{ kW}$

f = 1.57

 $P_{\text{erf}} = 1.21 \text{ kW x } 1.57 = 1.90 \text{ kW}$

Port 3 is loaded to 300 bar, ports 1 and 2 are unloaded.

 $P_{\rm a} = 0.42 \; {\rm kW}$

f = 3.13

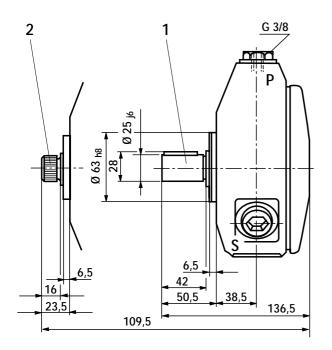
 $P_{\rm erf} = 0.42 \text{ kW x } 3.13 = 1.31 \text{ kW}$

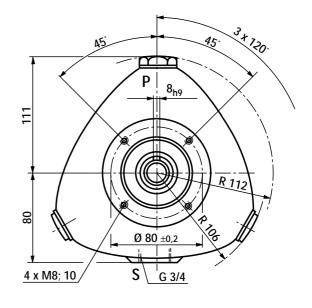
Ports 1, 2 and 3 are loaded to 200 bar.

 $P_{\rm a} = 3 \times 0.29 \text{ kW} = 0.87 \text{ kW}$

 $P_{\text{erf}} = 0.87 \text{ kW x } 1.0 = 0.87 \text{ kW}$

NS- p_{max}	$V_{ m geom}$ in	Cylinder inside Ø	Stroke in	No. of pistons			Pressure <i>p</i> in bar													
/ IIIdx	cm ³		mm	F			50	100	150	200	250	300	350	400	450	500	550	600	650	700
1.00 700	1 [1		C 1		$q_{ m V,eff}$	L/min	2.12	2.1	2.09	2.08	2.07	2.06	2.05	2.04	2.03	2.02	2.01	2.00	1.99	1.98
1.60 – 700	1.51	_	6.4		P _a	kW	0.29	0.51	0.7	0.89	1.08	1.28	1.46	1.65	1.89	2.1	2.3	2.5	2.7	2.9
2.00 – 700	2.14	10	9.1	3	$q_{\rm V,eff}$	L/min kW	3.02 0.4	3.0 0.7	2.98 0.97	2.97 1.23	2.95 1.51	2.94 1.8	2.92	2.91 2.3	2.89	2.88	2.86	2.85	2.83 3.8	2.81 4.1
		-			P _a	L/min	3.67	3.64	3.62	3.60	3.58	3.56	3.54	3.52	3.50	3.48	3.46	3.44	3.42	3.39
2.50 – 700	2.59		11.0		$egin{array}{c} q_{ m V,eff} \ { m P_a} \end{array}$	kW	0.47	0.84	1.17	1.5	1.78	2.1	2.45	2.8	3.1	3.4	3.8	4.1	4.5	4.9
3.15 – 700	3.57		9.1		$q_{\text{V,eff}}$	L/min	5.07	5.02	5.01	4.97	4.94	4.92	4.89	4.87	4.84	4.82	4.79	4.77	4.74	4.71
3.13 - 700	3.37	10	9.1	5	Pa	kW	0.65	1.15	1.64	2.1	2.51	3.0	3.44	3.84	4.28	4.7	5.23	5.8	6.28	6.8
4.00 - 700	4.32		11.0	, ,	$q_{\rm V,eff}$	L/min	6.13	6.07	6.03	6.0	5.97	5.95	5.91	5.88	5.85	5.82	5.79	5.76	5.73	5.7
					Pa	kW	0.77	1.4	1.96	2.5	3.01	3.5	4.07	4.6	5.12	5.6	6.26	6.9	7.52	8.1
6.30 – 700	7.14	10	9.1		$q_{\rm V,eff}$	L/min	10.15	10.05	10.0	9.95	9.89	9.85	9.8	9.75	9.7	9.65	9.58	9.55	9.47	9.4
0.00 700	0.63	_	44.0	10	Pa	kW	1.29	2.3	3.28	4.1	5.03	5.8	6.77	7.7	8.56	9.4	10.46	11.6	12.57	13.6
8.00 – 700	8.63		11.0		$q_{\rm V,eff}$	L/min kW	12.2 1.5	12.1 2.75	12.05 3.92	12.0 4.9	11.95 5.94	11.9 7.0	11.84 8.04	11.8 9.1	11.74 10.18	11.7 11.3	11.63 12.44	11.57 13.7	11.47 14.86	11.4 16.1
2.45 500	2.20		6.4		P _a	L/min	4.8	4.77	4.73	4.9	4.68	4.67	4.64	4.62	4.59	4.57	12.44	13.7	14.00	10.1
3.15 – 500	3.39		6.4		$q_{ m V,eff}$ ${ m P_a}$	kW	0.64	1.2	1.64	2.1	2.55	3.0	3.42	3.8	4.3	4.7				
5.00 – 500	4.82	15	9.1	3	$q_{\text{V,eff}}$	L/min	6.85	6.79	6.75	6.72	6.68	6.65	6.61	6.58	6.53	6.5				
3.00 – 300	4.02	13	9.1	J	P _a	kW	0.88	1.6	2.24	2.85	3.49	4.1	4.75	5.4	6.04	6.7				
6.30 – 500	5.83	1	11.0	•	$q_{\rm V,eff}$	L/min	8.26	8.18	8.13	8.09	8.04	8.01	7.97	7.93	7.88	7.85				
0.30 – 300	3.03		11.0		Pa	kW	1.03	1.83	2.61	3.3	4.11	4.9	5.62	6.3	7.14	7.9				
8.00 – 500	8.03		9.1		$q_{ m V,eff}$	L/min	11.4	11.32	11.25	11.2	11.14	11.08	11.02	10.97	10.9	10.85				
0.00 - 300	0.03	15	9.1	5	P _a	kW	1.4	2.5	3.62	4.6	5.69	6.7	7.74	8.8	9.84	10.9				
10.00 - 500	9.71		11.0	3	$q_{\rm V,eff}$	L/min	13.7	13.63	13.56	13.5	13.42	13.36	13.28	13.2	13.09	13.0				
10.00 300	3.71		11.0		Pa	kW	1.7	2.97	4.27	5.5	6.72	7.9	9.15	10.3	11.64	12.9				
16.00 – 500	16.07		9.1		$q_{ m V,eff}$ $P_{ m a}$	L/min kW	22.8 2.7	22.64 4.9	22.5 7.07	22.4 9.1	22.27 11.12	22.16 13.1	22.02 15.6	21.9 17.0	21.78 19.06	21.7 21.2				
		15		10		L/min	27.4	27.3	27.1	27.0	26.84	26.7	26.54	26.4	26.2	26.0				
20.00 - 500	19.43		11.0		$q_{ m V,eff}$ ${ m P_a}$	kW	3.2	5.7	8.26	10.6	13.08	15.5	18.02	20.5	22.92	25.3				



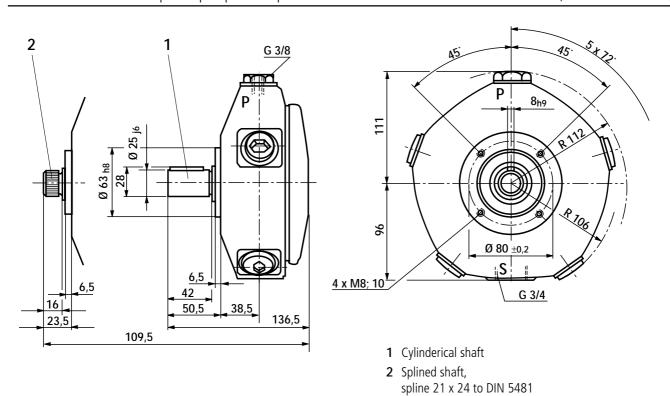


- 1 Cylinderical shaft
- 2 Splined shaft, spline 21 x 24 to DIN 5481

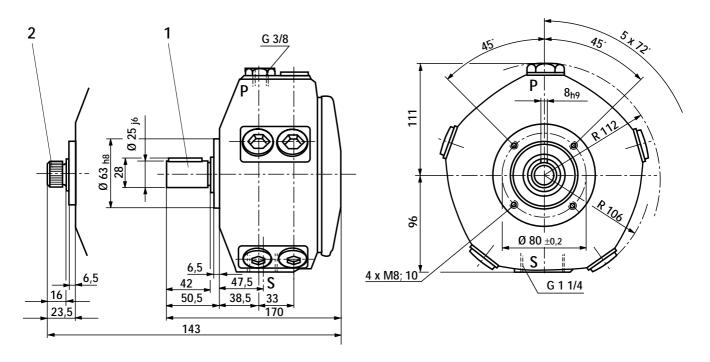
Pipe thread to ISO 228/1

Unit dimensions: radial piston pump with 5 pistons

(Dimensions in mm)



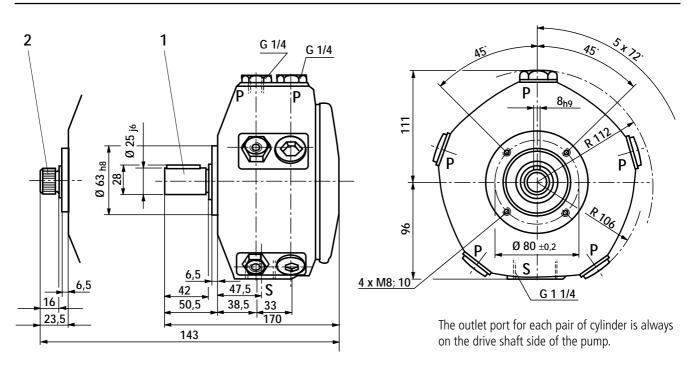
Pipe thread to ISO 228/1



- 1 Cylinderical shaft
- 2 Splined shaft, spline 21 x 24 to DIN 5481

Unit dimensions: radial piston pump with 10 pistons, codes 11 and 12

(Dimensions in mm)



- 1 Cylinderical shaft
- 2 Splined shaft, spline 21 x 24 to DIN 5481

For pump mounting brackets and double flange feet see catalogue sheet RE 32 110.

Pipe thread to ISO 228/1

Material No. for NBR seals	Material No. for FKM seals	Valid for
00307726	00307729	3 piston pumps
00307727	00307730	5 piston pumps
00307728	00307594	10 piston pumps

Commissioning guidelines

Bleeding

- All of the type R4 radial piston pumps are self-priming.
- Before commissioning the pump must be bled to protect it from damage.
- Should the pump not deliver without foam after approx. 20 seconds the system must be rechecked. After reaching the operating values, check the pipework for leaks. Check the operating temperatures.

Commissioning

- Check to see whether the system has been correctly and cleanly assembled.
- Take the direction of rotation arrows of the motor and pump into account.
- Run the pump without load and allow it to run for a few seconds without pressure so that sufficient lubrication is provided.
- Under no circumstances allow the pump to run without pressure fluid!

⚠ Important notes

- Service and maintenance of the pump may only be carried out by authorised, trained and instructed personnel!
- Only use original Bosch Rexroth spare parts!
- The pump may only be used within the permissible data.
- The pump must only be operated when in good condition!
- When work is carried out at the pump (e.g. installation and disassembly) the system must be switched off and depressurised!
- Unauthorised alterations and changes which influence the safety and function are not permitted!
- Fit protective equipment (e.g. coupling guard)!
- Existing protective equipment must not be removed!
- The general valid safety and accident prevention regulations must be observed under all circumstances!